





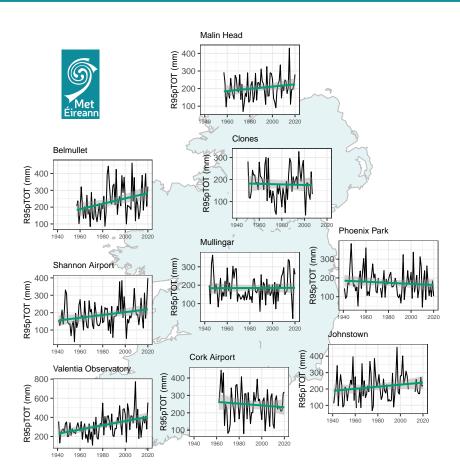
Rainfall on Very Wet Days (R95pTOT)

Key Message

• Some stations (particularly in the west) are seeing increases in the amount of rain falling from "very wet days", but many stations do not have significant long-term trends.

Definition

- Daily precipitation (R), 09UTC 09UTC observations, are used to calculate this index.
- The **R95pTOT** index is calculated by summing the accumulated rainfall (in mm) on "very wet days".
- Where a very wet day is defined as being greater than the 95th percentile of "wet days" ($R \ge 1$ mm) during the 1961-1990 reference period. Some of the thresholds are shown in Table 1.









Trends

- There is a small increase in **R95pTOT** at western coastal stations, see graphs above, with less of a signal in other locations.
- Ongoing research into data rescue and homogenisation has found a collection of stations in the south east of Ireland where a statistically significant increases in **R95pTOT** has been found, [Ryan et al., 2021]. Some of these stations were not used here, more research is needed to examine this further.
- Analysis of percentile-based rainfall indices identified that **R95pTOT** is increasing on average globally, particularly in areas such as eastern Europe or central USA, [Dunn et al., 2020] (referred to as R95p in the paper).

Thresholds

• The thresholds for percentile-based precipitation indices at the stations shown in the map above are listed in the following table.

Table 1: Thresholds for percentile based rainfall indices at nine stations.

Station	R95pTOT (mm)	R99pTOT (mm)
Belmullet	16.1	25.9
Clones	14.7	23.7
Cork Airport	23.5	38.0
Johnstown	20.0	32.8
Malin Head	15.6	24.8
Mullingar	15.9	25.3
Phoenix Park	15.6	28.2
Shannon Airport	15.4	24.9
Valentia Observatory	22.2	35.2
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Data Access

Data for this index can be downloaded through the web-page below (or the QR code in the header):

• https://www.met.ie/climate/climate-change-indices-etccdi/

For further information contact Met Éireann Climate Enquiries: enquiries@met.ie

References

Robert JH Dunn et al. Development of an updated global land in situ-based data set of temperature and precipitation extremes: HadEX3. *Journal of Geophysical Research: Atmospheres*, 125(16):e2019JD032263, 2020. doi: https://doi.org/10.1029/2019JD032263.

Ciara Ryan et al. Long-term trends in extreme precipitation indices in Ireland. *International Journal of Climatology*, 2021. doi: https://doi.org/10.1002/joc.7475.